COURT OF APPEAL FOR ONTARIO

CITATION: Liu v. The Bagg Group, 2014 ONCA 718 DATE: 20141020 DOCKET: C58878

Strathy C.J.O., Rouleau and Hourigan JJ.A.

BETWEEN

Wan S. Liu

Plaintiff (Appellant)

and

The Bagg Group, Keith Bagg Staffing Resources Inc., Keith Bagg Staffing (Regional) Inc.

Defendants (Respondents)

Wan S. Liu, acting in person

Amanda C. McLachlan and Jessica Mathewson, for the respondent The Bagg Group, et al.

Heard: October 9, 2014

On appeal from the order of Justice Edward P. Belobaba of the Superior Court of Justice, dated May 14, 2014.

APPEAL BOOK ENDORSEMENT

[1] The appellant appeals from the order of the motion judge, dated May 14,

2014, granting the respondent's motion for summary judgment dismissing her

claim and dismissing her motion for summary judgment.

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[2] We are of the view that the appeal should be dismissed.

[3] The motion judge found that the appellant provided no evidence to support her claim that the respondent, an employment agency, was contractually obliged to forward her application for a specific position or that it committed an actionable wrong in failing to do so. He concluded that the appellant's claim is based on bare allegations and that it should, therefore, be dismissed.

[4] We see no basis to interfere with the motion judge's decision. We are not satisfied that the motion judge erred in reaching his conclusion that the appellant had not adduced sufficient evidence in support of her claim or that the hearing of the motion was tainted by any procedural unfairness.

[5] With respect to the appeal of the dismissal of the appellant's motion for summary judgment, that was an interlocutory order and the appellant was required to seek leave to appeal in the Divisional Court. This court does not have jurisdiction to hear that appeal. In any event, given that the appellant's claim was properly dismissed on the respondent's summary judgment motion, it follows that the appellant's appeal of the dismissal of her motion for summary judgment must fail.

[6] We are also not satisfied that the motion judge erred in awarding costs of \$10,000 against the appellant. It was in the discretion of the motion judge to

award costs to the successful party and the motion judge is entitled to deference in his assessment of costs.

[7] The appeal is dismissed.

[8] The appellant is ordered to pay the respondent costs of \$4,500 inclusive of taxes and disbursements.

C. William Hourigan J.A.